

$$p_{\varepsilon}(r) = \frac{2b - a}{r_{\varepsilon}^3} Fr - \frac{3}{2r_{\varepsilon}^5} (2b(r^T Fr) I_n + a\varepsilon^2 F) r$$

where

$$F \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$$

$$r \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$r_{\varepsilon} \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$b \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\varepsilon \in \mathbb{R}$$